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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/656,420		09/05/2003	Hongjian Gan	DEE-PT128	7560	
3624	7590	11/30/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
		ENIG, P.C.		SHINGLETON	SHINGLETON, MICHAEL B	
UNITED PLAZA, SUITE 1600 30 SOUTH 17TH STREET				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
PHILADEI				2817		
				DATE MAILED: 11/30/200	5	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Comments	10/656,420	GAN ET AL
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Michael B. Shingleton	2817
The MAILING DATE of this communication appearing for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THE COMMUNICATION OF	ATION. ly be timely filed AS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 S	September 2005.	
	s action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		s, prosecution as to the ments is
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>l</i>		
•		
Disposition of Claims	:	
4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application	n .	
4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-4 and 10-13 is/are	withdrawn from consideration	on.
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>5-9 and 14-19</u> is/are rejected.	•	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.	
pplication Papers		
· ·		· · · · ·
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	•	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	•	4.
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached (Office Action or form PTO-152.
riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	1- b b	
1. Certified copies of the priority document		-PP
2. Certified copies of the priority document	• •	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio	-	eceived in this National Stage
application from the International Burea	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	of the certified copies not re	eceived.
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		
See the attached detailed Office action for a list		•
See the attached detailed Office action for a list		•
ttachment(s)	4) ☐ Interview Sur	nmary (PTO-413)
ttachment(s) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) ☑ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		Mail Date
ttachment(s) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Paper No(s)/i	Mail Date rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

The drawing corrections submitted 9-19-2005 have been approved by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5-9 and 14-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baldwin et al. 6,608,521 (Baldwin) in view of Ben-Yaakov et al. 6,728,121 (Ben).

Baldwin discloses a ramp signal generator and ramp signal generation method having a ramp generator that generates a ramp signal formed from timing capacitor C_{T1} that is charged and discharged via two current sources I_{C1} and I_{D2}. In one interpretation of the claims the output Q and Q(bar) of the flipflop 28 forms a "error-amplified voltage" that forms a feedback loop with the timing capacitor and controls the magnitude of the two current sources I_{C1} and I_{D2} by turning of these current sources on and off. This is just giving the broadest reasonable interpretation to the claims (See MPEP 2111). Note that the ramp generator and method for ramp generation is for use in the generation of a PWM signal (See at least column 1 around line 55 of Baldwin). Another interpretation of Baldwin as it relates to the claims is that Baldwin clearly discloses that both the slope of the charge cycle and the slope of the discharge cycle can be controlled by the voltage across the two resistors R_{T1} and D_{T1} (See column 2 around line 10 of Baldwin that states that "R_{T1} is used to set the reference charge current" and "D_{T1} sets the discharge current".). Here Baldwin discloses that the ramp generator/method for ramp generation is for a switch mode regulator (See column 1, around line 7 of Baldwin), but Baldwin is silent on the exact type of switch mode regulator this generator/pwm structure is to be used in. (Capacitor C_{T1} still forms a timing capacitor that is changed and discharged via two current sources I_{C1} and I_{D2}.) Thus this interpretation lacks the use of a feedback loop to control the charging and discharging of the ramp waveform, i.e. Baldwin lacks the sensing of the output to control the slope(s) of the ramp waveform to form an error

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signal that controls the magnitude of the two current sources noted above. Clearly Baldwin is a component of a large switch mode regulator system.

Ben discloses one well known conventional switch mode regulator system that employs a pwm arrangement/method that the output of the power circuit can be sensed and compared to a set value and this in turn generates a error-amplified voltage V_e that is used to control the slope(s) of a ramp generator whose output is applied to a comparator COMP1. The output of the comparator would then form the pwm signal that is feedback to the power circuit and the output of the power circuit is then feedback to the means to control the slope of the ramp generator thus completing the loop (See Figures 3 and 4 and note the last ten or so lines of column 3 and the first 49 lines of column 4 of Ben). This allows for the output voltage V_o of a power circuit to be regulated.

Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used the arrangement of Baldwin in a power circuit, i.e. switch mode regulator, that controls the slope of the ramp generator because as the Baldwin reference is silent on the exact structure of the switch mode regulator used with the ramp generator/pwm structure one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to use any art-recognized equivalent switch mode regulator system including a switch mode regulator that senses the output of the switch mode regulator and then compares this output to a reference value to generate a error-amplified voltage to control the magnitude of the current source(s) so as to control the PWM waveform output from a comparator that in turn controls the output voltage like that or similar to that shown by Ben. To control both current sources would have been an obvious consequence of the combination made obvious above. Note that in the combination above the comparator structures 58 and 60 in combination with the R/S flip flop 62 would form a PWM comparator who's output "Q" would be a pwm signal.

Both Ben and Baldwin are silent on calling the PWM comparator a "hysteretic comparator", however, since this is the same structure i.e. the two comparators having the inverting of one 58 connected to the non-inverting input terminal of the other and the other input terminals connected to a high and low reference voltages this structure of Ben and Baldwin can be called a "hysteretic comparator" just like that of applicant's. Note that this is giving the broadest reasonable interpretation to the claims (See MPEP 2111).

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims of record have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael B. Shingleton whose telephone number is (571) 272-1770.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Pascal, can be reached on (571)272-1769. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306 and after July 15, 2005 the fax number will be 571-273-8300. Note that old fax number (703-872-9306) will be service until September 15, 2005.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MBS November 25, 2005

Michael B Shingler on Primary Examiner Group Art Unit 2817

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